COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

NUMBER 1633 — COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1888.—WITH SUPPLEMENT. — PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A DAY OF PARADES.

Yesterday was Parade Day in the Great Cities.

Both Parties Strive for Supremacy in the Demonstrations.

New York Republicans Have the Greatest on Record.

Tens of Thousands Turn Out in Chicago and Indianapolis.

New York's Great Demonstration.

New York, November 3.—The republican parade to-night started on hour later than scheduled. The crowds were immense. The sight of tens of thousands of men all bearing torches or lanterns was a beautiful one. The paraders were fantastically decorated and at 8 o'clock were filled with fun and boisterousness in every conceivable way. They moved along twelve deep. But more frequently broken by a rushing crowd whom the police could not control. In fact everywhere could be heard the familiar speeches. What's the matter with Grover" with the regular answer. He's all right." And so on. The line of march was "Ben Butler will never see the White House till the rebels get it again."

Behind the dry goods men came the wholesale cloak manufacturers, who proclaimed their sentiments thus. "Free raw material will give us the world for a market." "Where's Sackville West" was a constant query which called forth the statement "He's in the soup." When the procession was passing Tweddy's residence a full length effigy was dressed, unknown man depicted to the sidewalk dead. He body was taken to the station house.

When Governor Hill and members of the reception committee arrived at the grand stand it was 9 and for one hour previous the streets had been packed with people. So dense was the mass that 400 policemen had difficulty in keeping the road clear for the procession to pass by the reviewing staff. It took nearly four hours for the parade to pass the grand stand. Estimate of the number in the procession range from 50,000 to 75,000.

Rivalry in Chicago.

Chicago, November 3.—This has been a day of parades for Chicago. Both parties took an inning and as each was desirous of excelling the other the result was very creditable to both. Republicans massing their forces at two o'clock in the afternoon a most creditable showing followed the latter Oscott's estimate of those in line being 25,000. It required nearly two hours of rapid marching for the procession to pass a given point. As a usual thing the organizations participating walked eight abreast. The entire route through which the parade passed was lined with people. In the evening the democrats also gathered. A brilliant parade followed which was enhanced by the presence of torches and a display of fireworks. As in the daytime, the streets were crowded with people. The Times estimates the number in the procession at 15,000.

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The democratic demonstration was

GREEN MOUNT'N FALLS

Its Steadily Increasing Importance as a Resort.

The Prosperity and Growing Popularity of the Line.

With the Short Narrow Gauge Company's Line.

A Handsome New Hotel Opened This Week.

BLAINE ON THE STUMP.

Large Parades Made by the Maine Men in Brooklyn.

Republicans Encouraged for Victory.

Democrats Have Many Doubts to Harass Them.

Leading Points Keenly Discussed by Both Sides.

NOVEMBER EDITION

:-PRICE LIST-:

104 North Tejon St.

New York Concord Grapes

40 Cts. per Basket.

W. F. McKeehan.

Footprints in the Sand of Time,

Stationery, School and Blank Books

27½ S. Tejon St.

COLO. SPRINGS, COLO.

H. T. O'BRIEN!

MANUFACTURER AND

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Harness, Saddles, Whips, Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, Etc.

Just Received a Full Line of

Horse Blankets, Plush Robes, Sheepskin and Wolf Robes, all styles and prices. Give me a call before purchasing.

18 and 20 Pike's Peak Ave.

Telephone 75. Colo. Springs.

Leaders of Low Prices.

Come and See

—THE FINEST LINE OF

Base :-: Burners

Self-Feed :: Cook Stoves

Ever brought to this city

Steel Ranges!

We have a large stock of Hot Air Furnaces and Grates, which we sell at the Lowest

Wm. Scott & Co.,

124 S. Tejon St.

SELF-WINDING CLOCK

For Sale Exclusively by

F. W. LOTT, Jeweler.

DEALER IN

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Etc.

Repairing Promptly Attended To.

No. 8 North Tejon Street.

THE PACIFIC HOTEL AND RESTAURANT

Has been Refitted and Refurnished throughout, and is now conducted on the European Plan.

Rates, $1.00 per day and upwards.

Special Rates by the Week.

Meals at all hours.

Best Restaurant in the City.

Open Day and Night.

Cor. Huerfano and Cascade Sts.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Time Table No. 3.

In Effect Sept. 30, 1888.

Leave Colorado Springs for Leadville, Aspen and Glenwood Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Leadville 12:30 p. m.

Arrive at Aspen 5:30 p. m.

Arrive at Glenwood Springs 7:30 p. m.

Leave Glenwood Springs for Aspen, Leadville and Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Aspen 10:30 a. m.

Arrive at Leadville 3:30 p. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 7:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Cripple Creek at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Cripple Creek 12:30 p. m.

Leave Cripple Creek for Colorado Springs at 1:30 p. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Pueblo at 8:00 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

Arrive at Pueblo 9:30 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m.

Leave Pueblo for Colorado Springs at 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 11:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Denver at 8:00 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m.

Arrive at Denver 10:30 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m.

Leave Denver for Colorado Springs at 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 11:30 a. m., 5:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Gunnison at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Gunnison 5:30 p. m.

Leave Gunnison for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Ouray at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Ouray 5:30 p. m.

Leave Ouray for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Salida at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Salida 5:30 p. m.

Leave Salida for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Grand Junction at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Grand Junction 5:30 p. m.

Leave Grand Junction for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Rio Grande Junction at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Rio Grande Junction 5:30 p. m.

Leave Rio Grande Junction for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Durango at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Durango 5:30 p. m.

Leave Durango for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Silverton at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Silverton 5:30 p. m.

Leave Silverton for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Telluride at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Telluride 5:30 p. m.

Leave Telluride for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Montrose at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Montrose 5:30 p. m.

Leave Montrose for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Ouray at 8:00 a. m.

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Leave Ouray for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

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Arrive at Silverton 5:30 p. m.

Leave Silverton for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Telluride at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Telluride 5:30 p. m.

Leave Telluride for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

Leave Colorado Springs for Montrose at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Montrose 5:30 p. m.

Leave Montrose for Colorado Springs at 8:00 a. m.

Arrive at Colorado Springs 5:30 p. m.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS PLUMBING AND HEATING CO.

Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Steam Heating

GUARANTEED

No. 112 Pike's Peak Avenue.

WE ARE NOW Prepared for Business!

Merchant Tailoring.

John T. Kelly & CO.

26 Pike's Peak Avenue.

REAL ESTATE!

:-HOMES-:

OF YOUR OWN

For the Same Monthly Payments

YOU NOW EXPEND

:-IN RENT.-:

Calvert Heights on the Installment Plan.

For $200 to $350 you can own a Good Lot in

El Paso County

Calvert Heights

Two miles south, close to the

Midland Shops at Colorado City,

And in the direct line of improvements being

Rounding Town, or I can sell you lots in

PARRISH'S ADDITION

Platted on the Installment Plan, so that by

Monthly payments at the end of a year,

Parrish's Addition has Churches, Schools, Stores

Best Water Supply of any part

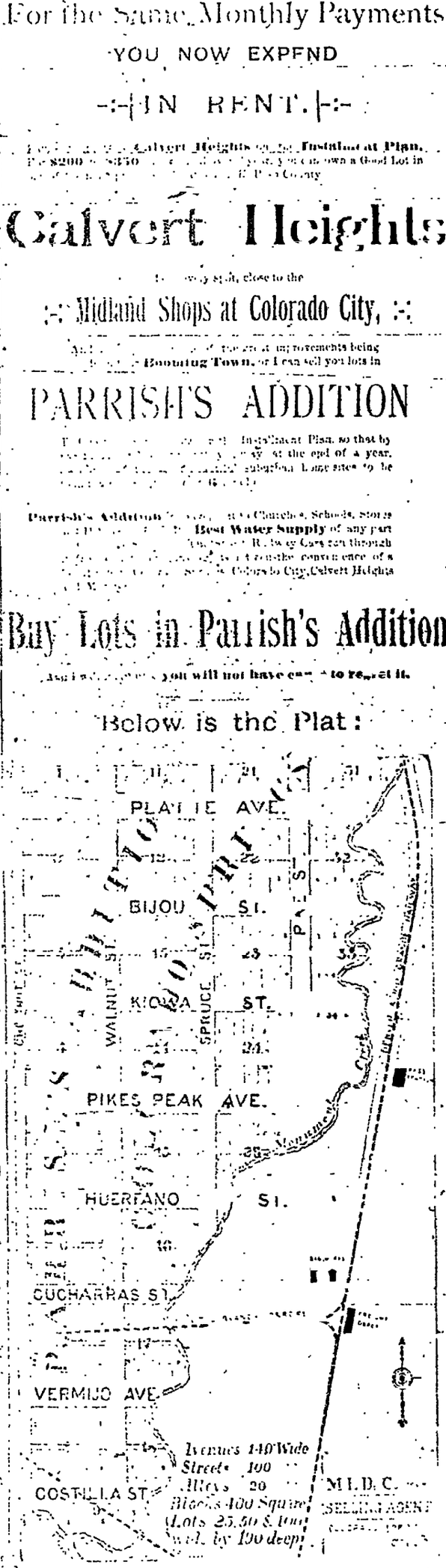
Railway Cars run through

Colorado City, Calvert Heights

Buy Lots in Parrish's Addition

And you will not have cause to regret it.

Below is the Plat:



The Best Corner Lots and

Also for sale a full line of

IMPROVED PROPERTY!

Best Ranches in El Paso County.

Also "Ranches on "The Divide."

There are Fortunes to be made upon Ranches on the

Don't you forget it!!

M. L. DeCOURSEY,

Real Estate Agent,

No. 3 North Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

New York Democrats Parade.

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Mayor Hall Interviewed to Denver.

Denver, November 3.—George Wilbur, the man arrested on suspicion of being the murderer of McKane, was brought from Colorado Springs to-night and locked in the county jail. The officers expected that the safest place of confinement would be here but a number of evidence against the prisoner in the south can not be had, as the citizens of the southern part of the state, officers of the organization Wilbur is the man who murdered Lyle Keane. Hard will be apprehended near Colorado Springs this week.

Machine Telegraphs.

New York, November 3.—Dr. Harris of Washington, the inventor of a new system of machine telegraphy by which messages are printed at the receiving end, the sending instrument being similar to the type writer, it is claimed to be both rapid and accurate and will soon be in operation by running it cheaper to send by the wire than mail.

Duty Collected on a Corpse.

Ottawa, November 3.—The customs preventive officer at a New Brunswick outport collected duty recently on a casket containing a body being brought into Canada from Boston for burial. Application for a return of the duty collected being refused.

Double Murder in Cuba.

Fernandina, Cuba, November 23.—During the progress of a slander suit in court here yesterday trouble arose between Robert Sessums and Tom Hilliard. Hard words were exchanged by the former and Hilliard was shot and fatally wounded. Sessums' brother in return shot Hilliard, killing the wounded man outright.

A Labor Riot.

Georgia, Miss., November 3.—Riots occurred at the Hoyt Lumber company's mills. The Knights of Labor and non-members took sides. One Pinkerton detective was killed and several others wounded.

Weather Indications.

War Department, Washington, D. C., November 3, 1888.—Indications for twenty-four hours in the Pacific States, Sunday, November 4: For Colorado: Light showers, cooler, winds to northerly.

A French Horror.

Paris, November 3.—A terrible explosion occurred in the Compagnie Fives-Lille factory at Lille. Twenty-two persons were killed and fifty-five have been wounded.

Paris, November 3.—The bodies of forty-two victims of the coal mine explosion have been recovered.

A Record Broken.

San Francisco, November 3.—At the Bay District track today Sable Wilkes, in an effort to break the three year old record of 2:18¼, made a mile in 2:17.

**Cleveland Interviewed in

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1888

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

For 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. Nov. 3

Temperature at 8 a. m. ... 35
Temperature at 8 p. m. ... 58
Mean temperature ... 46.5
Highest temperature ... 58
Lowest temperature ... 35
Mean barometer ... 24.
Maximum velocity of wind ... 12
Direction ... W.
Average velocity ... 4
State of weather ... Clear
Precipitation ... 0

Held for the Prince.

Mr. O. P. Jackson of Monument is in the city yesterday.

Mr. Will Bro[illegible] delivery clerk of the [illegible] office.

Congregational Association [illegible] ball in Armory hall on Thanksgiving night.

A quorum of the board of [illegible] to appear [illegible] meeting.

[illegible] and party left on a special train over the Rock Island yesterday.

The matter of the electric fire alarm system will probably be taken up by the city council [illegible].

Information in regard to the new Art school may be had by applying at the desk of the Art Loan.

There was [illegible] court yesterday. A [illegible] small sum for [illegible] his horse on the sidewalk.

The Loudoun [illegible] Company A won [illegible] and which were presented by the [illegible] have arrived.

Persons who did not attend the entertainment [illegible] should go to the Art Loan [illegible] the most stirring and [illegible] drama of the age.

Today and Monday are the last days of the Art Loan. No one should lose these last opportunities to see the pictures. M. Franz-Ottmann will also render an organ recital [illegible] Art Loan this evening.

There was a special meeting of the Art Loan yesterday afternoon [illegible] people present were Mr. and Mrs. M. Spicer, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. Spicer played [illegible] and her [illegible] the excellent [illegible]

The Washington [illegible] gives an account of the [illegible] of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] were also present [illegible] George Weitbrecht [illegible] Mr. Chenoweth [illegible] Mr. [illegible] stand [illegible] for the [illegible] received a dispatch [illegible] A. F. [illegible] for Cripple Creek.

The [illegible] from the Pueblo [illegible] quarters on Tuesday [illegible] would have. [illegible] stone [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] Day.

[illegible] Jones [illegible] this evening [illegible] her [illegible] and [illegible] This will be the best [illegible] the dramatic [illegible] the [illegible]

A Gazette reporter [illegible] night who has [illegible] coming election. He [illegible] to [illegible] but [illegible] now worth [illegible] against [illegible] a chance to [illegible]

About 4 o'clock yesterday [illegible] young lady and [illegible] across the [illegible] their buggy and [illegible] car and another [illegible] were moving rapidly and [illegible] ahead and the occupants [illegible] Both of them were [illegible] the buggy wrecked.

The Harrison and Morrison [illegible] will arouse the [illegible] Colorado City to [illegible] Fields and How [illegible] the speakers. [illegible] to the Academy [illegible] will be [illegible] the 7:35 Denver & Rio Grande [illegible] will leave on a special [illegible] this one is [illegible] and [illegible] as many of the citizens as [illegible]

Councilman Alfred D. Brown [illegible] just learned [illegible] meet to protest [illegible] Hayt, [illegible] of the city [illegible] his brother here [illegible] scratch please [illegible] went back to [illegible] procure a [illegible] return to spend their [illegible] Cuba in Hayt's [illegible] and his plan of [illegible] for the present.

To night will close the [illegible] There will be [illegible] present and [illegible] and pleasure [illegible] be rattled. [illegible] voted to the [illegible] district [illegible] out in style. [illegible] The vote now stands [illegible] Campbell 72. The [illegible] companies [illegible] close at 11 o'clock. [illegible] the last to [illegible] of the City.

The council of the Art [illegible] day night with [illegible] ing of the ex[illegible] bright [illegible] fine [illegible] [illegible] take part [illegible] some [illegible] This will [illegible] ity for se[illegible] derful collection [illegible] the Loan [illegible] For May [illegible] will not [illegible]

Mr. Ed. Wood[illegible] a series of [illegible] city during the coming season [illegible]

[illegible] such a [illegible] subscriptions can be obtained in advance. He will have the assistance of Miss Charlotte M. Bird [illegible] soprano. Dr. J. C. Pennington, [illegible] others from this city and Denver. It is proposed to give the concert in the Tabernacle. Rate and place to be announced [illegible] The price [illegible] It is requested that those who [illegible] will either [illegible] Dr. J. C. Pennington [illegible] the tickets will be [illegible] convenient location [illegible] Subscribers will have no trouble [illegible]

BUSINESS LOCALS.

[illegible] first month in the [illegible] insertion at [illegible] Rates, [illegible]

BAILEY & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers
[illegible]

Artificial [illegible] for decoration at Farley Bros.

[illegible] at the [illegible] Farley Bros.

Do not pay [illegible] Manicuring with your own [illegible] [illegible] at Farley Bros.

[illegible] Wall Paper and Kinds at Farley Bros.

For Fresh [illegible] Cakes go to Farley Bros.

[illegible] and Cooking of all kinds [illegible] Farley Bros.

[illegible] Pueblo Public Market to Farley Bros.

For Second Hand Furniture go to Farley Bros.

Buy your Heating Stoves of Farley Bros.

[illegible] Lamp goods go to Farley Bros.

Sterling Silver Toilet Articles at Novelty Store, [illegible] A. G. TABLES.

What [illegible] Fresh at Robinson's daily.

[illegible] funds [illegible] Nevada Ave. near Pike's Peak. [illegible]

Mrs. L. L. [illegible] Chicago and Minneapolis [illegible] Pike's Peak or Will be pleased [illegible]

REMOVAL.

Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Auger [illegible] their [illegible] Tejon St. over [illegible] Dressmaking [illegible] Tejon St. over [illegible] Auger

OUR NEW YORK LETTER. [illegible] MAGGIE MITCHELL

IRVING HOWBERT, Pres't J. J. HAGERMAN, Vice Pres't
J. A. HAYES Jr. Cashier CHAS. A. NOBLE Ass't Cashier

[illegible] WELL [illegible]

SUPPLEMENT

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

SUPPLEMENT

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1888.

HEALTH NOTES.

Dr. Hammond Gives Advice on House Heating.

Deleterious Influences of Some of the Common Systems.

Great Influence of the Temperature on the Health.

[Copyright 1888, by Chas. H. Brown.]

The heating of the apartment in which we pass the greater portion of our lives is a subject which at this time of the year is second to none others in importance and it is strange that notwithstanding the advances which science has made in this respect there should be a general so utter a disregard on the part of householders of the principles by which they should be governed. I propose therefore, in this paper to consider the matter somewhat at length, with the hope that those who are most concerned will do what they can to [illegible] the inconveniences and dangers to which as they now live they are subjected.

The substances which are used to produce heat all contain a large amount of carbon and hydrogen in order to be economical, these being the materials which by their combustion cause the greatest evolution of calorie. These substances are known as fuel and are of vegetable or animal origin. Those of the first named class are wood peat or turf, lignite, bituminous and "anthracite coal," petroleum wood charcoal, animal charcoal, coke or the charcoal from coke, alcohol and vegetable oils, with some others of minor importance.

The animal oils and fats are occasionally used for heating purposes as for instance in the old days of river steam by *logging* when barrels of lard were frequently used for keeping up a good head of steam, but their employment is [illegible]

In late years natural gas, also of vegetable origin, has been found in large deposits and has [illegible] largely used for heating purposes, and illuminating gas, of artificial production but of similar characteristics, is likewise employed to no small extent in the same direction.

Hydrogen is pre-eminently the heat giving substance, and if it were possible, [illegible] this gas in its pure state for the purpose of warming our dwellings it would accomplish the object in a way that would [illegible] nothing to be said. One pound of hydrog n will raise 236 pounds of water from 32 degrees to 212 degrees Fahrenheit, while good coal will only heat 6½ pounds, wood charcoal 75 pounds, and dry wood only 36 p[illegible] all to the same range of degrees. Moreover hydrogen in burning gives rise to no other substance than water and therefore is simple at the head from a sanitary point of view.

But the compound bodies mentioned, while containing hydrogen in large quantity, have associated with them other substances, which in the process of combustion give origin to vapors and gases which are highly deleterious in character. Thus the various kinds of coal contain sulphur, from which sulphurous acid and sulphuretted hydrogen are formed—both in the highest degree prejudicial to health. Nitrogen is present also, and it uniting with hydrogen gives origin to ammonia, which is extremely irritating to the respiratory passages. A portion of the carbon unites with a portion of the nitrogen and hydrogen, and hydrocyanic acid is produced, not in large quantities but yet in sufficient amount, if not removed, to cause very considerable disturbance to the healthy working of the organism. The rest of the carbon which is consumed unites with the oxygen of the air to form carbonic acid and carbonic oxide. The latter is a substance extremely poisonous in its action on the system when inhaled into the lungs, but from bituminous coal a considerable amount escapes unconsumed in the form of smoke, which consists of small particles of pure carbon. In many places where large quantities of bituminous coal are burned the smoke is a source of great discomfort. Coke during combustion yields sulphurous acid, carbonic acid and carbonic oxide and charcoal also gives rise to the two last named substances while burning. The many suicides and accidental deaths which have been caused by burning charcoal have been due to the inhalation of the carbonic oxide evolved during the process. Wood when burned gives off a large quantity of carbon in the form of smoke, the vapor of water, empyreumatic oils, carbonic acid and carbonic oxide. The irritating qualities of wood smoke are due to these empyreumatic substances among which creosote is the chief.

Now, in order to obtain heat from fuel without at the same time subjecting ourselves to the action of the poisonous substances mentioned various contrivances have been devised which with more or less completeness allow of the removal of the deleterious matters or which are placed at a distance from the apartments to be warmed and heat them through the [illegible] which is in the room.

[illegible] has often originated [illegible] forms which preclude its employment where it is truly and [illegible] desired and where it is especially desirable to have [illegible] currents of air. [illegible] the [illegible] not adapted for use in large [illegible] such as hospital wards, where [illegible] sick persons are present. It would [illegible] the [illegible] the frequent necessity of [illegible] the fire, the lowering of temperature which ensues if there is the least attempt at ventilation to this point and the great loss of heat through the chimney all [illegible] the [illegible] dust in the form of ashes which is profusely scattered while seriously to the inconvenience and unhealthiness. In addition for the warmth from a fireplace is not generally diffused throughout the room. The heat is almost entirely communicated by direct radiation and consequently while that part of the body turned towards the fire is heated perhaps to excess the [illegible] are exposed to the rays of heat are not sufficiently warmed.

On the other hand [illegible] the cheerfulness imparted to the mind by the sight of an open fire should not be overlooked, and the [illegible] admitted is also an important element in the consideration of the subject, so that [illegible] objection applicable to the use of *open fireplaces* in large rooms, especially those inhabited by [illegible] of two persons and in [illegible] where economy is the object. When wood is to be preferred, and next, [illegible] coal. The [illegible] ed from anthracite coke and charcoal are much more deleterious and, as has been said, a portion will unavoidably escape into the air of the room. There are many persons who cannot endure an anthracite or coke fire in an open fireplace without headache or bronchial irritation being the inevitable consequence.

Stoves are of so many different patterns that to describe them all, or even a tithe of them, would require more space than could profitably be devoted to their consideration. There are certain general features which are attached to all stoves without reference to the material of which they may be constructed or the peculiar pattern after which they are formed.

Stoves not only heat the atmosphere by radiation but also by conduction, and hence any organic matters which may be suspended in the air are volatilized on coming in contact with the heated metal. In an open fireplace a great portion of the heat, amounting *generally to as much* as 90 per cent is drawn up the chimney, but that given off from a stove [illegible] in the room to a much greater extent.

A serious objection to stoves is that as the air surrounding them becomes heated and specifically lighter it ascends to the ceiling, and therefore the lower strata of air contained in a room heated by a stove are never as hot as the upper.

Another objection arises from the dryness of the atmosphere which is produced by a stove. It is customary to have a vessel on top of the stove containing water, by the evaporation of which this evil is partially obviated, but it is not altogether got rid of and the arrangement *requires attention* which is seldom given to it.

Stoves in which coal is burned always allow the escape into the apartment of a portion of the gas and vapors given off during combustion. If wood is the fuel the source of vitiation is not so great as the gases which arise from the burning of wood are lighter than those from coal and consequently there is greater tendency for them to escape through the pipe. Moreover coal always contains mineral substances such as sulphur, which being volatilized are diffused more or less completely in the form of vapor throughout the room. On this account coal stoves are exceedingly unfit for use in which [illegible] are confined, but as they are economical and require little attention they are used in the temporary military hospitals of the country. The civil hospitals without so far as I know an exception are heated by more improved methods.

Furnaces placed at a distance from the apartments to be heated generally under them are modifications of the ordinary stove differing only in the fact that air is brought to the stove heated by conduction and then allowed to ascend to [illegible]

[illegible] objection arises from the fact that the air [illegible] is not [illegible] of the amount of vapor of water [illegible] in the atmosphere, as the subject [illegible] very rapidly becomes saturated by the [illegible] of the sulphuret. I have [illegible] through [illegible] publications and have always found an excessive amount of carbonic acid to be present. And yet I have seen educated persons, of those who from their position in life ought to have known better, crowd themselves to the number of five or six into a room scarcely fifteen feet square in which there was no window, in which the doors shut enough [illegible] and which was heated by a [illegible] hot furnace through which air not enough to parch the skin was being discharged *with horrible rapidity*. Should it be a subject for surprise that such persons were annoyed with coldness of the [illegible] of heat of our bodies and the extremities are [illegible] cold, especially on [illegible] looking in the morning, and that they were afflicted with almost constant headache, dyspepsia and other [illegible] from the disorder of the organism? As used in this country, hot air furnaces [illegible] have no hesitation in saying are productive of more discomfort and discomfort than are caused by all the other [illegible] of [illegible] showing artificial heat combined.

Build ngs are sometimes heated [illegible] which by some is considered to possess advantages over hot water and in a similar manner. A boiler [illegible] steam is either conveyed in pipes directly to the rooms to be heated or [illegible] is caused to come in contact with coils of pipe containing steam and then admitted to the apartments.

The chief disadvantage of steam as a heating agent consists in the fact that it is difficult to regulate the temperature. The pipes must be kept at 212 Fahrenheit or condensation of the vapor at once takes place and water is formed. In passing from a state of vapor to that of a liquid steam parts with its latent heat and becomes sensible and thus the temperature of the pipes is raised. The latent heat of steam being great, a great deal of heat is thus at command, but if the pipes are allowed to cool again *below 212 degrees* a fresh portion of steam is condensed, and soon till the whole of it has been converted into water and has parted with its latent heat. It now occupies but 1/1696th part of the space as water that it did as steam, and consequently has a heating power equivalent to that of an equal bulk of water. Bulk for bulk, the heating power of steam compared to that of water is as 1 to 2300—*that is*, a cubic foot of water will give as much heat as a *cubic foot* of steam in passing from 212 degrees to 60 degrees. Bringing into consideration other factors, such as the specific heat of the iron of which the pipes are made, the heat from the water contained in the boiler, and of the brickwork around the boiler, it is found that a building warmed with hot water will maintain its temperature after the fire is extinguished about six or eight times as long as it would do if it were heated with steam.

The air warmed by steam is not baked as is that which comes in contact with the heated surface of a stove and hence is not deprived to an equal extent of its moisture. It is therefore less irritating to the lungs and being absolutely uncontaminated by the vapors and gases given off by the burning fuel is altogether preferable to any direct means of heating.

There are many forms of steam heating apparatus in use some of which are *preferable to others*. The subject in these relations will be best studied from the works specially devoted to the consideration of the principles of artificial heating.

Hot water affords another excellent means for obtaining artificial warmth, and the principles upon which the process is conducted do not differ essentially from those which govern that just described. Pipes are arranged in connection with a boiler containing water. Heat being applied those particles of the water nearest to the source of the heat first become warmed and at the same time specifically lighter. If this water were allowed to escape there would be a constant necessity for replenishing the boiler, but after it has lost a portion of its heat it is returned to the boiler and the process repeated. The pipes may be arranged in coils contained in boxes under the floor communicating with the external atmosphere. A register in the wall or floor allows the hot air to enter the chamber.

Of all means of heating that by hot water is to be preferred. The air cannot be [illegible] by it, for the temperature can never be raised above 212 degrees Fahrenheit. It parts with its heat less rapidly than does steam. These facts

WILLIAM HAWKINS.

COMEDIAN AT HOME.

Concerning the Younger Writers About His Far Brother.

PARIS, October 14, 1888.

[illegible] of the [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum $6 00
Three months 2 00
One month 75

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum $1 50
Six months 75

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JOB WORK

Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to that of any establishment west of the Mississippi river.

All persons having advertisements to be published and those who desire estimates for the same will make known at the business office of the GAZETTE, where they will be properly attended to. We are not responsible for trade liable for advertisements continuing in the paper unless ordered to discontinue by them.

No claims are allowed against us unless presented at the GAZETTE business office within thirty days of date of publication.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising boards are conspicuous by their absence as we do not want any advertising from them.

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Manager of the GAZETTE.

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FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Presidential Electors,
D. H. MOORE,
F. EASTMAN,
J. P. GALLOWAY.

For Congressman,
HOSEA TOWNSEND.

For Governor,
JOB A. COOPER.

For Secretary of State,
W. H. BRISHAM.

For Treasurer of State,
LOUIS H. SCHWARZKOPF.

For Attorney General,
S. W. JONES.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
C. D. HAYT.

For Judge of Supreme Court to fill vacancy,
V. A. ELLIOTT.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
L. GREEN.

For Regents of the State University,
C. E. DUDLEY,
S. A. GIFFIN.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL TICKET.

For District Judge,
JOHN CAMPBELL.

For District Attorney,
B. F. GARRISON.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
CHAS. E. NOBLE.

For Members of the Legislature,
W. H. CRAWFORD,
C. D. FORD.

For County Commissioner,
J. C. WORDELL.

REPUBLICAN PRECINCT TICKET.

For Justices of the Peace,
A. H. COLEMAN,
——
For Constable,
E. D. REDMOND.
For Road Overseer,
F. W. ROBBINS.

To-morrow is the last day to register. See that your name is on the registration list.

The Dudley letter is printed to-day because it is written on the letter head of the national committee. It has had nothing else to do with the campaign.

The Globe Democrat says [illegible] that the republicans will carry Missouri. Missouri goes [illegible] some hope for Democratic [illegible] ing them as [illegible] ening influences of [illegible]

The Denver News [illegible] charge that the state [illegible] "real" office print the state tickets. The News has been fully answered by the Times. No one who knows Wolfe Londoner would believe the charge [illegible]

Some foolish democrat has [illegible] Cooper will not have over [illegible] over Patterson. When a [illegible] made it should be provided that [illegible] the winnings go to an orphan home. It is simply robbery to take [illegible] without some philanthropic [illegible]

Like Harrison the [illegible] date for governor has [illegible] strong speeches and the opposition [illegible] not been able to pick a flaw in [illegible] The "brass rags" and other [illegible] points of Patterson have been noticed and guessed at, but Mr. Cooper has left no points open for [illegible]

The old theory that [illegible] afraid of rain was thoroughly [illegible] by the magnificent demonstration [illegible] took place in New York yesterday [illegible] noisy in a drenching rain. The [illegible] ing thousands which paraded [illegible] of the metropolis show how thoroughly the grand old party is aroused, and [illegible] tokens the coming victory.

The Indianapolis Journal [illegible] morning warned the republicans of [illegible] to look out for trouble [illegible] part of the democrats. Suggestions as to how the fraud [illegible] mitted. Nothing so clearly [illegible] the desperation of the democrats as [illegible] circular sent out by the [illegible] claiming that the democratic [illegible] to show the republicans how to [illegible] the fraud, hoping that they would [illegible] the information at the polls next Tuesday. We knew that the democracy [illegible] dared by the defeat which [illegible] the face, but did not suppose [illegible] were entirely destroyed.

There is a great deal of [illegible] gardingthe letting of the contract [illegible] Denver city road to Breckenridge. It seems that Colonel Rudd [illegible] road to a Kansas City [illegible] other American bottoms [illegible] Kansas City ten hours [illegible] land. The Chicago road [illegible] a great kick because the [illegible] ished from abroad. We [illegible] the citizens of Denver [illegible] all just as he let the work [illegible] can find. The Chicago [illegible] direct their engines to their [illegible] contractors first, and secondly [illegible] the American congress which [illegible] grate the duty high enough. If [illegible] York [illegible]

LUMBER IN NEW YORK.

For Trade Accounts, to Seventy Millions Annually.

[illegible] New York [illegible] ly spoken of, in- [illegible] and retail, of [illegible] Brooklyn, and [illegible] 211 [illegible] cations [illegible] changed in han- [illegible] of which 3 [illegible] are located in New York city, [illegible] Brooklyn and [illegible] The various districts [illegible] known as canvas- [illegible] which about twenty [illegible] dollars' worth of [illegible] annually. Other dealers [illegible] yards, where [illegible] of lumber [illegible] and [illegible] are carried by [illegible] yards, known as the New York [illegible] and [illegible] to hold [illegible] last year.

Reports of lumber for August 1888 [illegible]

	Feet
To West Indies	6,645,000
To S. America	1,642,000
To Europe	6,850,000
To Europe	10,000
Total for August	15,347,000
Previous 7 months this year	45,000,000
Total for 8 months 1888	60,347,000
Total for 8 months 1887	45,000,000

[illegible] large amounts of white pine are [illegible] from Maine to the [illegible] New York ports. Of [illegible] the Eastern lumber [illegible] feet, or [illegible] feet more than [illegible]

The [illegible] New York [illegible] an important part of the lumber business as a whole. The following statement [illegible] a summary of the receipts of lumber [illegible] the year. As there is no [illegible] lumber during the [illegible] ing the [illegible] it is somewhat [illegible] portion of the total receipts during [illegible] with previous years [illegible]

Comparative statement of the receipts of [illegible] at the port of New York for [illegible]

	1887	1888
January	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
February	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
March	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
April	16,184,888 feet	[illegible] feet
May	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
June	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
July	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet
Total	[illegible] feet	[illegible] feet

New York is unquestionably the leading market in mahogany and cedar logs, the latter being of the species of which cigar boxes are made. Almost the entire stock of mahogany and cedar logs handled in New York are held in storage on the premises of Constantine & Co., whose dock is located on the East river water front. The following figures show the stock of logs on hand Oct 1:

	Logs
Mexican mahogany	3,570
Cuban mahogany	4,884
Central American mahogany	31
Honduras mahogany	888
Total	11,373
Worth of cedar	1,100
Cuban cedar	74
Central American cedar	1,200
Honduras cedar	487
Total	1,761

[illegible] ban, and the [illegible] cedar. There are six saws in New York where mahogany and cedar logs are converted into lumber, a [illegible] the latter having an thickness of [illegible] half.

The [illegible] way [illegible] known as the New York [illegible] and [illegible] to hold [illegible] last year.

[illegible] Lake

Earthquake in Tri[illegible]
Mr. [illegible] Nov. 23rd [illegible] A severe earth-

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A Simple Hand Fire Extinguisher!
ONE PINT OF FLUID
CAMAGE FOR LIFE!
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DRESS -:- MAKING.
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Real Estate & Insurance
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Real Estate and Insurance,
Money to Loan on Approved Real Estate Security.
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FOR RENT:

Furnished Houses.

[illegible]

Unfurnished Houses.

[illegible]

Furnished Houses.

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Unfurnished Houses.

[illegible]

FOR SALE Special.

[illegible]

Now is the time to secure a home. There is still an opportunity to get rare investments in both Improved and Unimproved Property. Parties thinking of Buying or Selling Real Estate are cordially invited to call.

F. G. ROWE, 17 North Tejon St., Opposite Opera House.

Henry LeB. Wills
Real Estate & Insurance
Notary Public
AND
COMMISSIONER of DEEDS
For Pennsylvania and Massachusetts
AGENT FOR
The Real Estate Loan and Building Association Company of Denver
MONEY TO LOAN
[illegible]
FOR RENT FURNISHED
[illegible]
FOR RENT UNFURNISHED
[illegible]
FOR SALE SPECIAL
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FOR SALE
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HENRY LeB. WILLS,
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DENTIST.
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Contractor and Builder
17 EAST BIJOU ST.
H. I. REID,
City Engineer and County Surveyor.
[illegible]
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REAL ESTATE,
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Located at the Junction of the Great Rock Island and Pan Handle Railroads.

From the north, south, east and west, people are flocking in. There is an unaccountable magnetism about this place hard to resist. Everyone feels confident and sure that an investment in Falcon at the present prices on lots will bring a rich reward.

Occasionally there is a Real Estate coward who thinks the whole world is going bankrupt, who would not purchase at any price unless he could have a chromo thrown in.

We haven't any use for such people, notwithstanding we are glad to show parties what we have, whether they purchase or not. It is more gratifying to talk to a sensible and intelligent man who can appreciate the fact that we have something to sustain a town, that our Prices are Low, that the property will increase in valuation rapidly; that we have a beautiful little lake, a fine Iron Spring, an elegant hotel, two large lumber yards, one weekly newspaper, a splendid climate to live in, plenty of coal, wood and water, besides a great many other items we might enumerate.

[illegible] terms of payment on lots are very [illegible] one to three years time. This gives a poor man a chance to buy a lot, make the first payment, thereby securing the company's bond for a deed, build him a house and have a home of his own for what it would cost him for a year's rent in most any city in the state.

Therefore, take time by the forelock, get in on the ground floor and grow up with the town. Call on or address

FALCON TOWN & LAND CO.,
Falcon, El Paso County, Colorado.
STEPHENS & HANCHETT, 1638 Curtis Street, Denver, Colo.

HIGHLAND HOUSE PHARMACY & [illegible]
No. 13 North Tejon Street Colo. Springs.

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In All Styles and Qualities, at
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No. 102 PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
Get Our Prices Before You Purchase Elsewhere.

Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
[illegible] CAR LOAD
AURORA BEER
1 Dozen Quarts $2 50 1 Dozen Pints $1 60
BEER WINE
[illegible]
Wisconsin Beer [illegible] per quart 5
Pilsner Beer [illegible] Pure California Wine [illegible]
Denver Brewing Co. [illegible] Port per qt. 25 [illegible]
[illegible] per gal. 1 [illegible]
All above [illegible] Sherry per qt. 25 [illegible]
Largest Stock [illegible] and Imported Wines and Liquors
Quality guaranteed. All [illegible]
A. STOCKBRIDGE
Wholesale Wine & Spirit Merchant, Colorado City.

PERKINS BROS.
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FANCY & STAPLE CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,
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SHOP—23 S. Cascade Ave.
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IMPORTERS OF
Chinese and Japanese Goods.
No. 11 North Tejon Street.
E. P. A. McElhinney,
Stenographer and Typewriter.
[illegible]

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

SHALL WE HAVE AN EDUCATED REGULAR ARMY!

[illegible] Article in the October Century. The Regular Army in 1860-61. Not Materially a Militia School at Public Expense.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE GAZETTE.

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

JOHN POTTER

F. G. ROWE.

Henry L. & R. Wilk

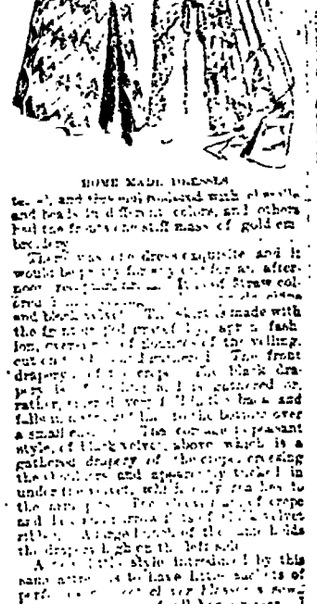
NEW YORK FASHIONS.

HANDSOME GOWNS BOTH ON AND OFF THE STAGE

Examples of Fine Dressing Worn About the Wardrobe Wraps of White and Other Colors.

THEATRE COSTUMES

BROWN PLUSH AND CORDED SILK



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NONE BETTER

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SIXTON BROS. DAIRY,

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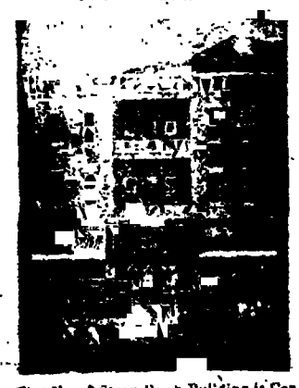

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Manitou Springs, Colo

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Williams'

Shaving Soap

Luxurious Shaving Cream

Allaying Irritation

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Williams' Shaving Soap

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Williams' Toilet Waters

Williams' Sachet Powder

Williams' Violet Ammonia

Williams' Bay Rum

Williams' Witch Hazel Cream

Williams' Almond Meal

Williams' Cuticura

Williams' Glycerine Soap

Williams' Jersey Cream

Williams' Shaving Stick

Williams'